

# The Daily Courant.

Saturday, August 29. 1724.

London, August 29.

Yesterday arrived two Ships from Flanders.

Hambourg, August 21.

**W**E understand by private Letters from Copenhagen, that another of the Czar's Frigates was come into their Road, which after the Captain had delivered his Dispatches to the Czar's Resident M. Bessel, sailed away again for the North Sea. The aforesaid Resident went immediately to Fredericksboorg, to the King of Denmark, and told him by express Order from his Master, that the Czar had ordered his Fleet to keep at Sea only for a few Days, and to return to Cronstadt as he was ordered, so that the Maritime Powers need take no Ombrage at it, seeing the Czar is willing to cultivate a good Correspondence with them. These Letters add, that notwithstanding this Declaration, his Danish Majesty had ordered all his Sea Officers and Bishops to keep on board their Ships. This Week there passed through this City two Expresses, going from Cassel to Stockholm, and last Night a third, by which we understand that when his most Serene Highness the Landgrave of Hesse-Cassel was thought to be on the mending Hand, he was again seized with his former Illness, so such a Doctor that the Physicians despaired of his Recovery.

Hambourg, Aug. 29. Having formerly told you that the City of Hambourg designed to fill up the Place of the Commandant of their Troops in Garrison, which has been vacant for some Years, they accordingly proceeded on Saturday last to that Election, which was carried by 17 out of 18 Votes in Favour of Lieutenant-General Allendiel, in the Swedish Service, and that upon the special Recommendation of His Britannick Majesty. As soon as his Instructions and Commission are made out, he is to go to Sweden, in order to resign his Regiment into the Hands of that Regency, and after that to return hither, to take Possession of his new Employment, which is computed to be worth 2000 Crowns per Annum, besides Perquisites. The Russian Minister here received Yesterday several Receipts from his Court, one whereof contains in Substance, that the Court of Russia cannot be but sensibly touched with the many gross Misrepresentations and Untruths that have been published in Print concerning his Military Preparations and Designs, for which Reason the said Minister has received express Orders to send for some Deputies of the Magistrates of this City, to signify the Czar's great Displeasure on that Account, and to let them know that they should not permit hereafter any Thing to be printed in their Gazettes, as from Petersbourg and Moscow, but what has been published there by the Czar's special Order. The said Minister had Advice, that upon his Czarish Majesty's express Order all the higher and lower States of Great Russia are summoned to appear at Petersbourg against the latter End of October,

when and where the Czar's Disposition with regard to the Succession of his Crown and other Things of great Moment will be made known to them, that they may deliver their Votes thereto as every Part. Admiral Apraxin having received Orders from the Czar to pitch his Palace to the Duke of Holstein, for his constant Residence, and which is to be most plentifully furnished, affords Matter of great Speculation. The Dutchess Dowager of Courland got out some Days ago from Petersbourg for the said Dutchy, and the Report continues still that the eldest Prince of Holsteinburg is to marry her. They write from Glucksburg, that the Dutchess of that Name has been brought to bed of a Prince, who was named Christian Philip. Letters from Stockholm mention, that Lieutenant-General Rank is arrived there with a few of his Domesticks, and has had a very favourable Audience of his Swedish Majesty, and that it is thought he will reside in Sweden, to help out in Execution the Instructions he has from the Landgrave of Hesse-Cassel. They write from Copenhagen, that the two Princes of Saxe-Gotha keep still at Fredericksboorg, and that they had the Honour to dine the 25th of this Month with the King, Queen, and Prince, at Hesteholm. Though M. de Ruyt, the Dutch Ambassador, spares neither Time nor Pains to being about his Negotiations with the Danish Ministry, yet the same do not go on so smoothly as is expected, for which Reason he sent the 25th an Express to his Master.

Hague, Aug. 21. The French Minister having proposed to our Ambassador at Paris concerning the Fort of Arguin, whether it would not be proper to refer that Affair to the Arbitration of the Ministers of England and Portugal, it is said this is one of the chief Matters the States of Holland have now under Consideration; besides which, there are the following, viz. The new Instructions to be sent to M. Gallier, who is by this time reckoned to be at Ratisbon: The sending of some Privateers against the Algerines: The sending of a Minister Extraordinary to the Prussian Court: The Instructions to be sent to our Ambassador at the Spanish Court: And, The Augmentation of the Troops of the State. M. Chamberri, who takes care of the Affairs of France here, contradicts the Report spread abroad with Relation to the Alliance made between France, Spain, and Morocco. Their High Mightinesses have held several Conferences about the Negotiations of M. Bays at the Court of Denmark, to whom further Instructions have been sent. It was thought that the new Toll in the Austrian Netherlands, formerly mentioned, would be dropped, at least with Respect to the Goods that come upon the Scheld; but we hear that three Dutch Ships have been forced to pay one Half per Cent. at the Fort Philippe of the Value of their Cargoes: Upon which, our Resident at Brussels has been ordered to make due Representations to the Marquess de Faid. There goes a Report, that the Prince of

Hence-Cassel, Governor of Maflick, has requested their High Mightinesses to be made Field-Marshal of all the Troops of the Republick, pretending that this Title has always been granted to the Governours of that Town.

*Conclusion of the Articles in the French King's Declaration against Beggars.*

The 7th, 8th, and 9th Articles contain only the Manner of proceeding against such Beggars as shall have been taken up the second or third Time, together with the proper Courts and Officers that are to judge and condemn them.

X.

We forbid any Person whatsoever to hinder or molest, directly or indirectly, the proper Officers when they are about seizing the foresaid Beggars and Vagabonds. And in Case of Resistance, whether by the Beggars themselves, or any pretending to give them Shelter and Protection, from being arrested, they shall be prosecuted according to the utmost Rigour of the Law.

XI.

We will also and command, in Case any who shall be arrested as Offenders against the present Declaration be found guilty of other Crimes that are not cognizable by our Lieutenants-General of Police, or the other Officers above named, that then they shall leave the Cognizance of them to the proper Judges; injoining however to the said Judges to pronounce against the Contraveneers of this Declaration, the Penalties therein contained, provided the Crimes they are otherwise guilty of deserve not greater Punishments.

XII.

Our Intention however is not, that under Pretext of this present Declaration, there should be any Trouble or Molestation given to the Inhabitants of our Provinces of Normandy, Limosin, Auvergne, Dauphiné, Burgundy, &c. nor even to those of foreign Nations that use to come, whether to make Hay, or cut down Corn, or to do any other Work or Traffick in our Kingdom; forbidding all the Officers, Archers, &c. of our Cousins the Marshalls of France, to hinder in any wise their Passage, our Design being to disturb none of our own Subjects, or others, that come to work and traffick in the Cities and Provinces of our Kingdom, nor any that go and come through our Provinces, unless they are found begging. For these Reasons, we enjoin our beloved and loyal Counsellours holding our Court of Parliament at Paris, to get these Presents read, published, and registred, and to take effectual Care that they be observed and executed: For such is our Pleasure. In Testimony whereof, &c.

Signed LOUIS.

And underneath, Phelypeaux.

Given at Chantilly, July 12, 1724.

Falmouth, Aug. 24. This Day sailed the Expedition Packet for Lisbon; and the Bosdown Packet for Spain.

Liverpool, Aug. 25. This Day came in the Tarleton from Barbadoes; the Primrose and Warington both from Antegoa; John and Betty and Squire, both from Virginia; and Peal from Dantzick.

Deal, Aug. 26. Came in the Tobias and Mary both from Virginia; and Elizabeth from Oporto.

Deal, Aug. 27. Remains His Majesty's Ship Dover. Arrived the Abigail from Corsica; and George and Mary from Dublin.

Gravesend, Aug. 27. Passed by the Rebecca from Virginia; Elizabeth from Queenborough; Abigail from Dunkirk; Lyon, Joseph and Mary, William and Ann, Seafower, Alteration, Change, Plume, Eagle, Langley, Godfrey, Cooper, and Seaford's Adventure, all from Norway; Delight from Rotterdam; Anne from Virginia; Peet from Rotterdam; Essex from Virginia; and Love from Barbadoes.

London, August 28.

Yesterday South-Sea Stock was 127, to 117 1/2 8th. South-Sea Annuity 105 7 8ths. to 104 Bank 132. India 144 3 qrs. African 8 1 half. York-Buildings 7 1 qr. 7 3 8ths. Royal Exchange Assurance 34. London Assurance 7 7 8ths. Undrawn Lottery Tickets 12 L. 1 s. 12 L. 1 s.

Whereas the Commissioners for Licensing Hawkers and Pedlars have received an anonymous Letter, dated the 18th of August, 1724, wherein there are several Complaints: This is to inform the Persons concern'd in writing the said Letter, that if any of them will attend the Commissioners at their Office in Holbourn, and make out what is therein suggested; they shall receive all fitting Encouragement.

The Commissioners appointed for building the Parish Church of St. Botolph Bishopsgate give Notice to all Masons, Bricklayers, and Carpenters, willing to contract with them (according to a Plan and Drafts for the said Church, that may be seen at William Territt's, Clerk to the said Commissioners, at his House in Hand-Alley without Bishopsgate) for each of their proper Works, may deliver their Proposals, sealed up, to the said William Territt, on or before the 15th Day September 1724.

John Patrickson; Embroiderer, at the Golden Ball in King-street, Covent Garden, being lately deceased, This is to give Notice that his Widow follows the Trade in the same House.

Whereas James Watlington, a young Man of about 22 Years of Age, about five Foot three Inches high, and stooping in the Shoulders, pale Complexion, and a very hoarse and slow Voice, wearing some time Scarlet with yellow Metal Buttons, sometimes a light-colour'd Cloth trimmed with Silver, and sometimes a black brown Stuff Suit, and a fair Wig, formerly Page to the Right Honourable the Countess of Ranelagh now living at North-End near Hammer-Smith, is gone away with 5 or 600 l. of the said Countess's Money: If any Person will secure him, so as he may be brought to Justice, they shall receive from the said Countess 50 l. Reward. N. B. William Vaughan, aged about 24, five Foot and half high, very thin and pale Complexion, black Eyes and Brows, wearing a light Wig and black Cloaths, was a constant Companion of the abovesaid Watlington, and seen together the Day he went off, and as supposed is gone with the said Watlington; and if he will secure him, he shall have the said 50 l. paid by the said Countess of Ranelagh.

Whereas between Friday Night and Saturday Morning, being the 21st and 22d of this Instant August, a Horse was stabbed in the Grounds of Thomas Coates, between Shoreditch Church and Bethnal-Green, supposed to be done in Malice to the Owner: If any one can discover the Party who did the same, so as he or they may be convicted, shall receive Five Guineas Reward upon the Conviction of the same: Or if any Person concerned will discover the Person who did the same, shall have the Reward aforesaid paid by the said Thomas Coates.

Lost the 27th Instant, in or near Change-Alley, a green Vellum Pocket-Book, wherein were several Receipts; and one Note for 20 l. dated the 24th of October, 1723, payable by Jer. Sanders to Joseph Bullock, Payment being stop, and of no Use but to the Owner. Whoever will bring the said Pocket-Book and Papers therein to Mr. George Tyler, or to Mr. Penkethman in Change-Alley, shall have a Guinea Reward, and no Questions ask'd.

To be LETT.

A large House, in Charter-house-Square, containing three Rooms on a Floor, two Pantries, several Closets, a good Counting-house, Cellaridge with good Vault, and Convenience for seven Children of Colls, two Stair-cases wainfaced up to the Top, a large Garden, with a Brewhouse, Backkitchen, good Stables for four Horses and Room over it for Hay and Straw, with a good Coach house.

This Day is Published,

A Sermon preached before the Rt. Honble Sir PETER DELME, Knt. Lord-Mayor, the Aldermen and Citizens of London, at the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, on Saturday August 1, 1724, being the Anniversary of His Majesty's Accession to the Throne. By BENJAMIN IBBOT, D. D. Rector of St. Paul's Shadwell, and Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty. Printed for John Wyat, at the Rose in St. Paul's Church-yard.

There is now revived,

The most Noble and Wonderful Decoction, not to be equalled by any known Remedy in the World, for the Gout, Rheumatism, King's-Evil, Yellow Jaundice, Dropsy, Leprosy, Pitsul's, all Disorders of Urine, Scoury, and an extraordinary Remedy for all Sorts of Distempers. Nothing on Earth is more effectual for the Purpose than this is: It cures, revives, and enriches the Blood and Spirits, comforting, nourishing, strengthening and restoring, how much soever weakened. To be made, and sold only by Mary Deyman, at the Widow Croft's House, the Sign of the Black Petticoat, in Charles Court in the Strand, who is the Daughter of the late Susanna Rolles, who formerly lived at Greenwich, and who was the only Person that formerly made the same, to the great Satisfaction of most of the Nobility and Gentry of England, for Threescore Years before her Decease. Price 1/6 a Bottle, containing the Bottles, and some more.